Integration of Crosscutting Issues in History Curriculum

1. Professional Ethics

- Courses Involved:
 - o MJC-10: Indian National Movement (1857–1947)
 - o *MJC-11: Modern India (1947–2000)*
- Integration:
 - These courses cover the ethical dimensions of leadership and governance, debates over means and ends in the freedom struggle (e.g., Gandhi vs. Revolutionaries), and post-independence moral challenges in politics and policy.
 - o Case studies on **Satyagraha**, **non-violence**, **and civil disobedience** develop understanding of ethical decision-making.

2. Gender Sensitization

- Courses Involved:
 - o MJC-3, MIC-3: History of India Earliest Times to 550 CE
 - o *MJC-7: History of India (1200–1707)*
 - o MJC-10: Indian National Movement (1857–1947)
- Integration:
 - Topics include the **status of women in ancient, medieval, and modern India**, and their **role in nationalist movements** (e.g., Rani Laxmi Bai, Sarojini Naidu).
 - O Discussions foster awareness of **gender roles**, **patriarchal systems**, and **women's agency in history**.

3. Human Values

- Courses Involved:
 - o MJC-I: Idea of Bharat
 - o *MJC-5: History of India (550–1200 CE)*
 - o MJC-7: Medieval India
- Integration:
 - Values like compassion, tolerance, secularism, unity in diversity are highlighted through discussions on Bhakti and Sufi movements, Vasudhaiva Kutumbakam, and Ashoka's Dhamma.
 - o Promotes respect for pluralism, empathy, and peace-building.

4. Environment and Sustainability

- Courses Involved:
 - o MJC-I: Idea of Bharat
 - o MJC-8: Modern World (1919–1945)
- Integration:

- Ancient Indian views on environmental ethics, Ayurveda, nature worship, and sustainable agriculture are covered in early courses.
- MJC-8 discusses the environmental consequences of industrialization and war, sensitizing students to long-term sustainability concerns.

5. Constitutional and Democratic Values

- Courses Involved:
 - o MJC-10 & MJC-11
- Integration:
 - Focus on the evolution of Indian democracy, freedom of speech, citizenship, and constitutional debates fosters awareness of democratic rights and duties.
 - Exposure to movements for civil liberties and social reforms reinforces civic consciousness.

6. Social Justice and Equity

- Courses Involved:
 - o MJC-9: History of India (1707–1857)
 - o MJC-10: National Movement
- Integration:
 - Topics cover colonial exploitation, caste oppression, tribal revolts, and peasants' rights, emphasizing struggles for justice and equity.
 - Also includes study of Dalit movements and reformers like Jyotiba Phule and B.R. Ambedkar.